# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Betco pH7Q Dual**

## Section 1. Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GHS product identifier</th>
<th>Betco pH7Q Dual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product type</td>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

### Supplier's details

- **Betco Corporation LTD**
  - 400 Van Camp Road
  - Bowling Green, OH 43402
  - www.betco.com
  - 888-462-3826

### Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

- Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of nonpesticide chemicals. Please read complete product label.

### Classification of the substance or mixture

- **ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4**
- **ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4**
- **SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B**
- **SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1**

### GHS label elements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard pictograms</th>
<th><img src="image" alt="Hazard pictogram" /></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Signal word

Danger

### Hazard statements

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (Previous statements per OSHA).

CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. (Previous statements per EPA).

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage: Store locked up.
Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazard not otherwise classified: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | Not applicable. |
| Product code | 355 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>didecyldimethylammonium chloride</td>
<td>≥5 - &lt;10</td>
<td>7173-51-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides</td>
<td>≥5 - &lt;10</td>
<td>68424-85-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate</td>
<td>≥3 - &lt;5</td>
<td>64-02-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethanol</td>
<td>≥1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated</td>
<td>≥1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>68439-46-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil</td>
<td>≥0.3 - &lt;1</td>
<td>68647-72-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

**Inhalation**: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in...
Betco pH7Q Dual

**Section 4. First aid measures**

recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**
- Causes serious eye damage. (Per OSHA) Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. (Per EPA).

**Inhalation**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**

**Ingestion**
- No known significant effects or critical hazards. (Per OSHA). Harmful if swallowed. (Per EPA).

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain
  - watering
  - redness

**Inhalation**
- No specific data.

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - redness
  - blistering may occur

**Ingestion**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - stomach pains

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**
- In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**
- No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
- In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
- Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - carbon dioxide
  - carbon monoxide
  - nitrogen oxides
  - halogenated compounds
  - metal oxide/oxides
## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ethanol</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber

**Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Personal protective equipment (Pictograms):**

- Gloves
- Safety glasses

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- **Physical state:** Liquid.
- **Color:** Orange.
- **Odor:** Lemon-like.
- **Odor threshold:** Not available.
- **pH:** 6 to 8

### Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Closed cup: &gt;100°C (&gt;212°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.0053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

- No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

### Chemical stability

- The product is stable.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

- No specific data.

### Incompatible materials

- No specific data.

### Hazardous decomposition products

- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>didecyldimethylammonium chloride</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>84 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>426 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>10 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethanol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>124700 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1378 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>didecyldimethylammonium chloride</td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>25 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 100 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate</td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethanol</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.066666667 minutes 100 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100 microliters</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>500 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>400 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 20 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitization**

Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ethanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure
Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
- Causes serious eye damage. (Per OSHA) Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. (Per EPA).

Inhalation
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

Ingestion
- No known significant effects or critical hazards. (Per OSHA). Harmful if swallowed. (Per EPA).

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain
  - watering
  - redness

Inhalation
- No specific data.

Skin contact
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - redness
  - blistering may occur

Ingestion
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - stomach pains

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

General
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects
- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates
Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>didecyldimethylammonium chloride</td>
<td>Acute EC50 110 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 14.22 ppb Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 18 ppb Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 39 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 0.01 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Acipenser transmontanus - Larvae</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 25 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylic12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides</td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 125 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 670 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 5.9 ppb Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 64 ppb Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 4.15 ppb Marine water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 32.2 ppb</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>34 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 486000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Lepomis macrochirus</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetaete ethanol</td>
<td>Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva pertusa</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss</td>
<td>4 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Ulva pertusa</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 100 µL/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neoneate</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 0.375 µL/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae</td>
<td>12 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 5.36 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 2686 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 486000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**

Not available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP ow</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetaete ethanol</td>
<td>5.01</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-0.35</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobility in soil**

Not available.
Section 12. Ecological information

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K\textsubscript{oc})**

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1903</td>
<td>1903</td>
<td>1903</td>
<td>1903</td>
<td>1903</td>
<td>1903</td>
<td>1903</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UN proper shipping name**

Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)

Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound), Marine Pollutant (didecyldimethylammonium chloride, Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl chlorides)

Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)

Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound), Marine Pollutant (didecyldimethylammonium chloride, Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl chlorides)

Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)

Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)

**Transport hazard class(es)**

8

**Packing group**

III

**Environmental hazards**


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## Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Additional information</th>
<th>Limited quantity</th>
<th>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).</th>
<th>-</th>
<th>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</th>
<th>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</th>
<th>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Special precautions for use: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### U.S. Federal regulations

- **TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules**: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides
- **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
- **Clean Water Act (CWA) 311**: sodium hydroxide
- **Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**: Not listed
- **Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances**: Not listed
- **Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances**: Not listed
- **DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)**: Not listed
- **DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)**: Not listed
- **SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients**: No products were found.
- **SARA 304 RQ**: Not applicable.
- **SARA 311/312 Classification**: Immediate (acute) health hazard

### Composition/information on ingredients

---

**Date of issue/Date of revision**: 3/8/2017  
**Date of previous issue**: 7/31/2015  
**Version**: 1  
11/14
### Section 15. Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>didecyldimethylammonium chloride</td>
<td>≥5 - &lt;10</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides</td>
<td>≥5 - &lt;10</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetracetate</td>
<td>≥3 - &lt;5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethanol</td>
<td>≥1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol, C9-11, ethoxylated</td>
<td>≥1 - &lt;3</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terpenes and Terpenoids, sweet orange-oil</td>
<td>≥0.3 - &lt;1</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### State regulations
- **Massachusetts**: The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; DENATURED ALCOHOL
- **New York**: None of the components are listed.
- **New Jersey**: The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL
- **Pennsylvania**: The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL; ETHANOL

#### International regulations
- **Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**: Not listed.
- **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**: Not listed.
- **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**: Not listed.

#### International lists
- **National inventory**
  - **Australia**: Not determined.
  - **Canada**: Not determined.
  - **China**: Not determined.
  - **Europe**: Not determined.
  - **Japan**: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.  
    Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
  - **Malaysia**: Not determined.
  - **New Zealand**: Not determined.
  - **Philippines**: Not determined.
  - **Republic of Korea**: Not determined.
  - **Taiwan**: Not determined.
Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Physical hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Instability/Reactivity</th>
<th>Special</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H302</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4, H312</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B, H314</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History

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- Date of previous issue: 7/31/2015
- Version: 1

Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
UN = United Nations

References: Not available.

Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.