



**ANTIOCH
UNIVERSITY**

Seattle Campus

2026 Annual Security Report

October 1, 2026



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INTRODUCTION

Antioch University Seattle (AUS) works to help you maintain your personal safety and to protect your property by providing security tips, policies and procedures, and access to our annual Campus Safety and Security Report which is required by the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (the “Clery Act”). We believe an informed community is a safer and more empowered community. Sharing this kind of information is important in reducing our chances of becoming crime or accident victims.

Each year, Antioch University (“Antioch” or the “University”) prepares this report in compliance with the Clery Act. Antioch assembles statistics and relevant information for this report based on its own records, communications with local law enforcement, and information from campus security authorities. In preparing its ASR, Antioch follows its Clery Act Policy 3.309 (https://aura.antioch.edu/policies_300_3x/3/), which is hereby incorporated by reference. The report can be found on the Antioch University website at <https://www.antioch.edu/securityreport>.

The federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1092(f) (more commonly referred to as “the Clery Act”), requires all postsecondary educational institutions participating in federal Title IV student financial assistance programs to disclose certain crime statistics, safety related policies and procedures, fire safety information, and fire statistics in an annual security report (ASR). The Clery Act mandates that institutions distribute their ASRs to all enrolled students and current employees by October 1st each year.

Every member of the Antioch community has an interest in an environment conducive to learning in which students, staff, and faculty feel safe and secure in their pursuit of academic excellence. This report contains Campus Security Policies and Crime Statistics for calendar years 2023-2025, which provide important information related to the safety and well-being of our AUS community. We encourage all to review this report and use it as a resource guide during study or employment with Antioch University Seattle.

NOTICE OF NON-DISCRIMINATION

Antioch is proud to foster an environment in which all individuals are treated with respect and dignity. Antioch is fully committed to equal opportunity and affirmative action in all aspects of employment and student service. All employment decisions at Antioch are made based on job-related criteria and merit without regard to the individual’s legally protected status.

It is the policy of the University not to discriminate against and to provide equal employment opportunity to all qualified persons without regard to race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, sexual orientation, military and veteran status,

or any other protected classification. It is the policy of the University to analyze the employment process to further the principles of equal opportunity employment.

This policy applies to all employment practices, including, but not limited to, recruitment selection, promotion, transfer, compensation, training and development, demotion, and separation. This policy is intended to be consistent with the provisions of applicable State and Federal laws and University policies.

ABOUT ANTIOCH UNIVERSITY SEATTLE

Antioch University Seattle is located at 2400 3rd Ave in the heart of downtown Seattle. As a non-residential, commuter campus, AUS is most often visited and utilized by students, employees, and guests who are local to and familiar with the greater Seattle region. As such, the campus location and its surroundings may feel familiar to those who visit on a regular basis.

Those who may be visiting the AUS campus from other parts of the country and world, such as those who may visit for business meetings, events, conferences, residencies, etc., are to be reminded of the many urban realities of the AUS campus.

AUS is located in the Belltown neighborhood of Seattle, WA. Belltown prides itself on being a well-regarded location that is home to many visitors, workers, businesses and residents. Belltown is a vibrant neighborhood that is home to a thriving arts and culture scene including museums, restaurants, galleries and public art installations. Belltown also has a high crime rate and as such those visiting AUS as employees or students should be advised to protect themselves and their belongings and are advised to heed warnings and advice included in this report.

Visitors to the AUS campus are advised to take safety precautions to protect themselves and their belongings and are advised to heed warnings and advice included in this report. In the event of emergencies, visitors are advised to respond in accordance with this document and/or guidance from their business office or academic program. In an emergency, all those who visit the AUS campus are advised to contact 911 from any phone, whether they are on or off campus. When on campus, visitors are also advised to contact Building Security and/or the Campus Services Center promptly.

Much campus crime throughout the country originates in on-campus residence halls. Because Antioch does not host students in dormitories, it has no dormitory-related crime to report, and, as reflected in our relevant crime statistics, relatively few incidents overall to report.

CRIME PREVENTION, SECURITY AWARENESS TIPS & EDUCATION

Personal Security

- Personal security is exactly that – personal. No one else can do it for you. These guidelines are by no means all-inclusive and are not intended to supplant other effective safety measures you may already be using. Use these guidelines to reduce your vulnerability.

- Stay alert to your surroundings, trust your instincts that something may be wrong, and take appropriate action.

Safety & Security

- Be alert to suspicious persons in your area. If anything appears to be not quite right, contact the Front Desk at extension 4000 (206-268-4000 from an outside line).
- Be aware of how to use the internal AUS telephone system. AUS's phone system requires dialing 9 for an outside line (i.e. 9-911).
- Never leave belongings unattended even for a few minutes.
- Never agree to watch belongings for strangers or allow them to leave them in your area.
- Note the location of emergency fire exits and fire extinguishers near you.
- Note your class or meeting location in case of an evacuation.
- Never attach your AUS exterior entry key to any item that can identify the school. That way if your keys are lost, they cannot be traced back to the university. If lost or misplaced, notify Facilities immediately at extension 4035 (206-268-4035 from outside line).
- Remember: The safety and security of your class and workplace is everyone's responsibility—it's a team effort.

Avoid Confrontations

- Do not allow yourself to be drawn into arguments or shouting matches with coworkers, fellow students, or the public. Walk away. Contact Facilities or the Front Desk for assistance when needed.
- Contact Campus Services for Assistance when needed.

Protect Your Belongings

- Keep all personal belongings such as backpacks, briefcases, or purses close to where you are working. If you leave the area, even for only a short time, secure them in a locked drawer or cabinet or take them with you.
- Close and lock office doors when you leave, even if you are leaving for a short time.

After Hours Safety

- When driving to campus, if possible, park close to the entry door. When leaving at night, or when there are few people around, walk to your car with someone else. (If need be, request an escort to your car from the Front Desk or Facilities staff.)
- When entering or leaving the building, make sure the door is closed and locked behind you.
- If you suspect a crime has taken place in the building or in a room, do not go inside. Get to a safe place and call 911 to report the crime. Then call the Front Desk to inform staff.

Security Awareness & Crime Prevention Education

- Each year, the University requires all students and employees to complete Vector Solutions training on anti-hazing and sexual misconduct prevention, including safe and positive bystander intervention.

- Employees have on-demand access to Vector Solutions training on active-assailant preparedness, emergency and disaster preparedness, crisis response and recovery, human trafficking awareness, and terrorism awareness.
- Students have on-demand access to Vector Solutions training on active-assailant response (Run, Hide, Fight), drug and alcohol prevention, human trafficking awareness, mental health awareness, and cybersecurity.
- These programs and related campus-safety communications are designed to inform students and employees about university safety, security, emergency, and reporting procedures and to encourage personal responsibility for their own security and the security of others.
- Vector Solutions reviews and updates training content annually.

CAMPUS ACCESS AND SECURITY

The AUS campus regular hours of operation are 9:00 a.m. – 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday and 9:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday. During hours of operation, the AUS campus is open to students, employees, and guests.

(*Over breaks between quarters the hours of operation are condensed with a closing time of 5:00 p.m. Monday – Saturday and closed on Sundays.)

During non-business hours, access to all AUS facilities is by key and fob. Faculty and staff may be in the building during non-business hours; students may not be in the building during non-business hours. The AUS campus has evening and weekend security staffing, and specific areas of the facility are continuously monitored by security video cameras.

AUS uses security considerations in facility maintenance and security planning, including access controls, keys and fobs, security staffing, and security video monitoring. AUS coordinates with building management and relevant vendors to identify and address maintenance, repair, and security concerns affecting University space and applicable common areas. Students and employees are encouraged to report safety, security, or maintenance concerns to the Front Desk or Facilities Department using the AUS Emergency Contact List.

As AUS has no residential facilities, we do not maintain a missing student notification policy, nor are we required to have separate policies regarding access to campus residences.

LAW ENFORCEMENT STATEMENT AND REPORTING A CRIME

Antioch University Seattle's Director of Campus Services (includes the Front Desk) and Facilities Department acts as the campus Safety Officers. They maintain a professional working relationship with the Seattle Police Department. AUS personnel and contractors do not have arrest authority. All AUS faculty, staff, and students are encouraged to determine whether individuals have lawful business at AUS and, if need be, are authorized to ask for identification or report their concerns to their supervisor, instructor, facilities, or front desk staff. Criminal incidents are referred to the local police who have jurisdiction on campus. All crime victims and witnesses are strongly encouraged to

immediately report the crime to the Seattle Police Department and to the Director of Campus Services or Facilities Department.

Antioch University's Law Enforcement Statement and Cooperation Policy can be found here: ["3.307 Law Enforcement Statement and Cooperation"](#)

VOLUNTARY REPORTING AND CONFIDENTIALITY

Antioch encourages anyone who is a victim of a crime or a witness to a crime to report that information as soon and as accurately as possible to the Campus Safety Officer (x4035) or the Provost's Office (x4055). That reporting will enable Antioch to direct the reporter to available resources, such as medical treatment and/or the local police. While every effort will be made at Antioch to keep information confidential upon request, particularly regarding a reporter's identity, Antioch cannot always hold information about crimes in confidence. With such information, the University can determine whether there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant; take measures to reduce the risk of crime to others; and alert the campus community to potential danger. In addition, Antioch will use this information to gather and disclose accurate records of the number of incidents in the upcoming Annual Security Report.

SECURITY AWARENESS AND CRIME PREVENTION PROGRAMS

During orientation in the fall students are informed of security awareness and crime prevention measures on campus. Similar information is presented to new employees. This Annual Security Report has many crime prevention and security tips. A common theme of all security awareness and crime prevention programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others. When time is of the essence, information is released to the University community through university email, security alerts posted prominently throughout campus, and in person.

REPORTING EMERGENCIES

Anyone discovering, or having information related to an emergency, regardless of type or size, shall immediately call 911 (9-911 from a campus phone). When calling 911, stay calm, explain the problem and location to the dispatcher, and follow all instructions of 911 personnel. Do not hang up the phone until expressly told to do so by 911 personnel (unless immediate evacuation is imperative). After reporting the emergency to 911, call the Front Desk: 206-268-4000 or After-Hours Line: 206-795-1208 to inform the Campus Services staff of the situation.

GENERAL EVACUATION PROCEDURES AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE

In the event that it becomes necessary to evacuate the facility, the building alarm system will be activated. All magnetized doors will release and close; elevators will return to the first floor, open,

and go out of service. The building's notification system consists of very loud, short rings accompanied by white strobe lights for the hearing-impaired.

During an evacuation, all AUS students, faculty, staff and visitors shall immediately cease all activity and proceed carefully and quickly to the nearest exit. During a building evacuation, elevators are not to be used. All AUS evacuees are to assemble at the Safe Refuge Area: in the parking lot adjacent to our building at 4th and Battery.

All AUS students, faculty, staff, and visitors are instructed to be accounted for and to remain at the Safe Refuge Area until the "All Clear" is given by Public Authorities, AUS Administration, or Building Management.

FIRE SAFETY

Any employee, student, or visitor who becomes aware of a fire on campus shall immediately activate a manual fire alarm pull station to sound the building alarm system. All building occupants are instructed to evacuate the building when the fire alarm is activated.

Building occupants are **not** expected to fight a fire. If an individual chooses to attempt to extinguish a fire, they should do so with extreme caution and must delegate someone to sound the fire alarm and call 911 (or 9-911 from a campus phone) to begin the evacuation process. If the fire cannot be easily extinguished, all occupants must evacuate to the Safe Refuge Area.

Antioch University Seattle is a smoke-free campus (["4.507 Non-smoking Environment"](#)) and does not permit open flames on campus except in designated catering areas.

EARTHQUAKE

If an earthquake occurs, all staff, faculty, students, and visitors should be aware of steps to take to stay safe. Drop. Cover. Hold On.

If Inside: Stay there – do not run outside and do not use the elevator. Take cover on an inside wall, underneath a desk or table, protecting your head and neck and hold on to that shelter. Stay clear of all windows, bookcases, file cabinets and objects that can fall. Stay put until the shaking stops.

If you cannot drop to the ground, try to sit or remain seated so you are not knocked down. If you are in a wheelchair, lock your wheels. Protect your head and neck with a large book, a pillow, or your arms. The goal is to prevent injuries from falling or from objects that might fall or be thrown at you.

If Outside: Stay in the open away from trees, buildings, walls, and power lines as best you can. The greatest danger from falling debris is just outside doorways and close to outer walls of buildings – stay away from the outer wall of a building. Get down low and stay there until the shaking stops. If you're in a car, pull over to the side to get away from utility poles, utility wires, and under or overpasses. Stay in your car. Set the parking brake and wait for the shaking to stop. If a utility wire falls on your car, do not get out until a trained person removes the wire.

After Shaking Stops: Do not use regular or cellular phones except to report serious injuries. Assist in building evacuation if needed (The decision to evacuate from campus will be based on severity of the earthquake and the damage to building.) AUS will provide instructions for immediate action by means of door-to door alerting, PA System, or fire alarms.

CAMPUS CRIME LOG

The Antioch University Seattle Facilities Department maintains a log of reported incidents and crimes. Within two business days of receiving a report, the log records each crime reported to the department that occurred within AUS's Clery geography, including its nature, date, time, general location, and disposition, if known. The University may temporarily withhold only information whose release would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation or an individual's safety, cause a suspect to flee or evade detection, or result in the destruction of evidence; it will disclose the information once the adverse effect is no longer likely to occur. A log for the most recent 60 days is open to public review during regular business hours. Log information beyond 60 days will be made available within two business days of a request. Please contact the AUS Safety Officer for review.

TIMELY WARNING

Antioch University will issue timely warnings without identifying the victim, concerning the occurrence of any Clery Act reportable crime that poses a continuing and ongoing threat to the AUS community. The decision to issue a timely warning is made by the campus administrator, or their designee, on a case-by-case basis considering the available facts (including whether the incident is a serious or continuing threat to the community and whether the warning may compromise law enforcement efforts). A timely warning may include a brief description of the incident and any suspect(s), the date, time, and location of the incident, and suggested precautions. The purpose of the timely warning is to aid in the prevention of similar occurrences.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

The campus administrator or designee will determine if a serious crime, natural disaster, or other emergency poses an immediate threat to the health and/or safety of students and/or employees. If there is such a threat, AUS will immediately notify those who may be affected by the situation. The campus administrator or designee will, without delay, and considering the safety of the community, determine the contents of the notification and who will be notified. If the campus administrator or designee determines that immediate notification would significantly compromise the response or assistance efforts, the campus administrator or designee may delay notification. In all other instances, the campus administrator or designee will immediately activate the notification system.

AUS uses the following systems for communicating information quickly to the campus community: University email; social media; phone system paging system; website; and in-person notification. Some or all of these methods of communication may be used in the event of an immediate threat to students and/or employees.

AUS will test the emergency response and evacuation procedures at least annually using announced or unannounced tests. At least one test each calendar year will include publicizing the University's emergency response and evacuation procedures. For each test, a description of the exercise, date, time, and whether it was announced or not will be documented.

Antioch University's Emergency Response and Evacuation Policy can be found here: ["3.305 Emergency Response and Evacuation"](#).

Sex and Gender-Based Discrimination, Harassment, and Violence

Antioch University promotes a safe living, learning, and working environment through systemwide policies and campus educational programs for students, faculty, and staff. Antioch prohibits dating violence, domestic violence, sexual misconduct and sexual assault, sexual exploitation, and stalking, and provides prevention, education, and awareness programs in accordance with [University Policy 4.607, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Violence and Sex Discrimination](#).

Immediate Care and Preservation of Evidence

If you experience sex- or gender-based discrimination, harassment, or violence, or incidents of rape, acquaintance rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence, some or all of these safety suggestions may guide you after an incident has occurred:

1. Go to a safe place and speak with someone you trust. Tell this person what happened. Call 911 to report the emergency. After reporting the emergency to 911, call the AUS Emergency Line at 206-268-4000 to inform AUS Campus Services Center staff of the situation.
2. Consider securing immediate professional support (e.g., counseling, victim advocacy, medical services, etc.) to assist you in the crisis.
3. Sexual misconduct should be reported directly to the Title IX Coordinator, who will assist you with Supportive Measures and inform you of your rights. Alternatively, you may report to a University Officer or Campus Services Center staff, who will then assist you with reporting the incident to the Title IX Coordinator.
4. For your safety and well-being, immediate medical attention is encouraged. Further, being examined as soon as possible, ideally within 120 hours, is important in the case of rape or sexual assault. Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners are available in several locations in the Seattle area. You may view the locations for each medical center [here](#).

- ☐ To preserve evidence, it is recommended that you do not bathe, shower, douche, eat, drink, smoke, brush your teeth, urinate, defecate, or change clothes before receiving medical attention. Even if you have already taken any of these actions, you are still encouraged to have prompt medical care, and evidence may still be recoverable.
 - ☐ Typically, if police are involved or will be involved, they will obtain evidence from the scene, and it is best to leave things undisturbed until their arrival. They will gather bedding, linens, or unlaundered clothing, and any other pertinent items that may be used for evidence. It is best to allow police to secure items in evidence containers, but if you are involved in the transmission of items of evidence, such as to the hospital, secure them in a clean **paper** bag or clean bedsheet to avoid contamination.
 - ☐ If you have physical injuries, photograph them or have them photographed with a date stamp on the photo.
 - ☐ Record the names of any witnesses and their contact information. This information may be helpful as proof of a crime, to obtain an order of protection, or to offer proof of a campus policy violation.
 - ☐ Try to memorize details (e.g., physical description, names, license plate number, car description, etc.), or even better, write notes to remind you of details if you have time and the ability to do so.
 - ☐ If you obtain external orders of protection (e.g., restraining orders, injunctions, protection from abuse), please notify the Campus Safety Officer or the University Title IX Coordinator so that those orders can be observed on campus.
5. Even after the immediate crisis has passed, consider seeking support from [WellConnect](#), (866) 640-477 or the Antioch University Seattle Community Counseling and Psychological Center, located at 2601 4th Avenue, Suite 450, Seattle, WA 98121, (206) 268-4840, clinic.aus@antioch.edu.
 6. Contact the University Title IX Coordinator if you need assistance with University-related concerns, such as no-contact orders or other supportive measures. The University can offer reasonable academic support, safety escorts, no contact orders, counseling services access, and other supports and resources as needed by a victim. The University can offer information about legal assistance, visa/immigration assistance, and student financial aid considerations for victims.

Reporting to Law Enforcement

Victims have the option to notify law enforcement directly, to be assisted in doing so by campus officials, or to decline to make a report to law enforcement, except when required by law. The University will assist a victim who requests help in notifying law enforcement and will explain available reporting options.

Victims have the option to notify law enforcement directly or to be assisted in doing so by campus officials. If requested, campus officials can facilitate reporting to local law enforcement but may also respect a victim's request not to do so.

University Reporting

The University takes all reports of sex or gender-based discrimination, harassment, sexual violence, and crimes of sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence very seriously. Click [here](#) to fill out the Title IX Reporting form. While students are permitted to make anonymous reports, this may limit the university's ability to provide support or respond to the reported incident. **University employees are not permitted to submit anonymous reports and must inform the Title IX Coordinator when they become aware of issues that potentially violate the university's Title IX Policy.** You may also report an incident or concerns by contacting the University Title IX Coordinator, Sarah Hellyar, directly at shellyar@antioch.edu, (603) 283-2486.

The University employs supportive and protective measures such as no contact orders or emergency removal in cases in which a violence risk assessment indicates such action is warranted. Supportive and protective measures for individuals who have experienced these incidents are available from the campus, whether the individual chooses to report to local law enforcement or campus/building security, irrespective of whether the individual pursues a formal complaint through the University Title IX resolution process.

If a student is accused of sex or gender-based discrimination, harassment, or violence, they are subject to action in accordance with the [Sexual Harassment, Sexual Violence and Sex Discrimination Policy, 4.607](#). A student wishing to report such an incident officially may do so by filling out the [online reporting form](#) or by contacting the Title IX Coordinator directly.

Anyone with knowledge about sex- or gender-based discrimination, harassment, or violence, or the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence is encouraged to report it immediately to the University Title IX Coordinator, Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or a University Staff or Faculty member. **All employees of the University, apart from the limited exception of the Confidential Resources listed below, are deemed "Responsible Employees" under Title IX and are mandated to report any information they become aware of that may implicate the University's Title IX policy to the Title IX Coordinator.**

Confidential Resources

An individual seeking completely confidential assistance can do so by speaking with professionals who have legally protected confidentiality and are acting within the scope of their duties to which the legally protected confidentiality applies. This does not apply to student disclosures to a staff or faculty member of the university who also holds a professional license to which confidentiality applies, and the disclosure is made while the staff or faculty member is acting within their role as an employee of the university. Information shared with these resources will remain confidential and will not be shared with the University or anyone else without the express written permission of the individual seeking services unless required by law or court order.

On campus, confidential reports may be made to the AUS Community Counseling and Psychology Clinic, located at 2505 3rd Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, WA 98121, or by calling (206) 268-4840 or emailing clinic.aus@antioch.edu. You may also contact [WellConnect](#). Information shared with these resources will remain confidential and will not be shared with the University or anyone else without express written permission of the individual seeking services, unless required by law or court order.

Process Rights

A written summary of rights, options, supports, and procedures is provided to all Complainants, whether they are students, employees, guests, or visitors. Respondents are provided a written summary of their rights, options, supports, and procedures upon the initiation of a Formal Complaint. These rights are also made available to any student, employee, or member of the public via this document.

When appropriate, upon receipt of a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will initiate a prompt, fair, and impartial process, commencing with an investigation, which may lead to the imposition of sanctions for a Respondent based upon a preponderance of evidence (what is more likely than not).

The University's formal resolution process includes an investigation and, when required or otherwise provided by University Policy 4.607, a live hearing. Informal resolution may be available when appropriate and only with voluntary, written agreement of both parties; either party may withdraw before an agreement is reached. The procedure used is determined by the applicable policy, the relationship of the respondent to the University, and the alleged conduct. Each procedure permits extensions for good cause with written notice to the complainant and respondent of the delay and reason for the delay.

- The Complainant and Respondent will have timely notice for meetings at which the parties, may be present;
- The Complainant and Respondent and appropriate officials will have timely and equal access to any information that will be used during formal and informal disciplinary meetings and hearings;
- The institutional disciplinary procedures will not be conducted by officials who have an actual conflict of interest or bias for or against the Complainant or Respondent;
- The Complainant and Respondent will have the same opportunities to have others present during any institutional disciplinary proceeding. The accuser and the accused each have the opportunity to be advised by an advisor of their choice at any stage of the process and to be accompanied by that advisor to any related meeting or proceeding. Complainants and Respondents are entitled to be accompanied and assisted by an Advisor of their choosing at both formal and informal meetings, investigation interviews, and the formal hearing. There is no requirement that the Advisor be an individual from the Antioch community. Complainants and Respondents may choose to have an attorney serve as their Advisor, but adjustments to the process, including scheduling of interviews or hearings, will not be made for any Advisors,

including attorneys, if they unduly delay the process. The Complainant and Respondent will be notified simultaneously, in writing, of any initial, interim, and final decision of any proceeding; and

- Where an appeal is permitted under the applicable policy, the Complainant and Respondent will be notified simultaneously in writing of the procedures for the parties to appeal the result of the proceeding. When an appeal is filed, the parties will be notified simultaneously in writing of any change to the result prior to the time that it becomes final as well as of the final result once the appeal is resolved.

Procedures detailing the university's investigation and resolution processes can be found online here: https://aura.antioch.edu/policies_400_6x/17/. The Title IX Coordinator is ultimately responsible for ensuring that, in all cases, the behavior is ended, the University acts reasonably to prevent its recurrence, and the effects on the Complainant and the community are remedied.

Process Outcomes

Following an institutional disciplinary proceeding in which a respondent is found responsible for dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, Antioch University may impose one or more sanctions appropriate to the respondent's status and the circumstances. Possible student sanctions include written warning or reprimand; restitution, monetary, educational, or service requirements; probation; suspension; and dismissal or expulsion. Possible employee sanctions include verbal warning, written warning, probation, suspension, or termination of employment. A Board member may be removed from the Board. A third party may have a relationship or contract terminated, be excluded from campus or programs, or be barred from future University programs. Emergency removal and interim suspension are protective measures, not final sanctions.

Serious and violent incidents and acts of sexual assault usually result in suspension, expulsion, or termination of employment.

Knowingly providing false or misleading information to investigators can result in additional consequences under the [University Student Conduct Policy, 6.103](#), and the [University Employee Code of Conduct 4.601](#).

Training

The Title IX Coordinator is also responsible for assuring that annual training is conducted for all institution-provided advisors, investigators, decision-makers, and appeal decision-makers involved in resolving formal complaints through a process that ensures the safety of all parties and promotes accountability.

Training will focus on sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, sexual harassment, retaliation, and other behaviors that can be forms of sex or gender-based discrimination, harassment, or violence covered by Title IX and the Clery Act. Individuals involved in the investigation or adjudication process at Antioch receive ongoing training in conducting investigations and hearing

processes that protect the safety of the victim and promote accountability. This training provides an overview of relevant policies and procedures, the legal framework, Clery Act requirements, investigative requirements and expectations, supportive measures, the role of the advisor, notice requirements, evidentiary considerations, serving without conflict of interest or bias, interviewing protocols, determining relevance, and hearing protocols.

Prevention and Education

Antioch University provides comprehensive, intentional, and integrated programming, initiatives, strategies, and campaigns intended to stop dating violence, domestic violence, sexual misconduct/sexual assault, sexual exploitation, and stalking before they occur through the promotion of behaviors that foster healthy relationships, encourage safe bystander intervention, and seek to change behavior and social norms in healthy and safe directions.

Antioch's primary prevention and awareness programs and initiatives are sustained over time and focus on awareness and skills for addressing dating violence, domestic violence, sexual misconduct and sexual assault, sexual exploitation, and stalking. Safe and positive bystander intervention includes recognizing potentially harmful situations, identifying options for safe intervention, and taking action—directly, by seeking help, or by creating a distraction—to prevent or interrupt potential harm. Ongoing campaigns increase knowledge, share resources, reduce perpetration, and promote safety and a culture of respect.

Campus programs must include primary prevention and awareness training: (1) for all new Students and new Employees; (2) refresher programs at least annually for all Students; (3) annually for all Employees consistent with their role in responding to and reporting incidents. Ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns for all Students and Employees will also be conducted.

Annual Training is mandatory for all employees. Such training includes, but not be limited to: what constitutes discrimination, harassment, retaliation, sexual misconduct/sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, sexual exploitation, and stalking under applicable law; the rights and responsibilities of each Employee relating to discrimination, harassment, retaliation, sexual misconduct/sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, sexual exploitation and stalking including the duty to report and exceptions; the protection against retaliation for Employees who report discrimination, harassment, retaliation, sexual misconduct, dating and domestic violence, sexual exploitation, and stalking; the procedures provided under the Sexual Harassment, Sexual Violence and Sex Discrimination Policy, 4.607 for filing, investigating, and resolving a complaint; and the option and method for filing complaints with external government agencies.

Recordkeeping and Privacy

University records of investigations and resolutions are maintained in privacy in accordance with the institution's record retention policy for a minimum of seven years. Information is shared internally between administrators who need to know in order to complete their job duties.

When information must be shared to permit the investigation to move forward, the parties will be informed. Privacy of the records specific to the investigation is maintained in accordance with state law and the federal FERPA statute. Any public release of information needed to comply with the open crime logs or timely warning provisions of the Clery Act will not include the names of the victim or information that could easily lead to a victim's identification.

Additionally, the University maintains privacy in relation to any supportive measures afforded to a Complainant, except to the extent necessary to provide the supportive measures. Typically, if faculty members or administrators are asked to provide supportive measures for a specific student, they are told that such measures are necessary under Title IX or the Clery Act, but they are not given any details of the incident or what kind of incident it is.

Irrespective of state law or public records access provisions, information about the victim is maintained privately in accordance with Title IX and FERPA.

In any complaint of sex or gender-based discrimination, harassment, or violence covered under Title IX and/or the Clery Act, both parties are entitled to the same opportunities for a support person of their choice and to fully participate in the process, including any meeting, conference, hearing, appeal, or other procedural action.

The role of Advisors is described in detail [here](#). The parties will receive written notification of the allegations and any hearing outcome; they will also be afforded opportunities to review and respond to the investigation report before it is finalized and again before a hearing.

Written notifications will be delivered to the parties simultaneously (without undue delay between notifications). All parties will be informed of the University's appeal processes and their rights to exercise a request for appeal. Should any change in outcome occur prior to finalization, all parties will be timely informed in writing and notified when the results of the resolution process become final.

Retaliation

Both Title IX and the Clery Act provide protections for whistleblowers who bring allegations of non-compliance with the Clery Act and/or Title IX to the attention of appropriate campus administrators.

The University does not retaliate against those who raise concerns of non-compliance. Any concerns should be brought to the immediate attention of the Title IX Coordinator and/or to officials of the U.S. Department of Education.

Sex Offender Registry

Upon release from prison, individuals convicted of sex crimes may be required to register with law enforcement agencies (under laws referred to as "Megan's Laws"). If registered sex offenders are enrolled or employed at a postsecondary institution, the offenders also must provide this information to the state. The state then provides the information to law enforcement authorities in the jurisdiction where the institution is located.

For Washington registered sex offender information, visit the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs Sex Offender Information Center at <https://www.waspc.org/sex-offender-information> which links to the Washington Sex Offender Public Registry (<https://www.wasor.org>).

For the National Sex Offender Public Website (NSOPW) maintained by the U.S. Department of Justice, visit <https://www.nsopw.gov/>

VAWA Offenses – On-Campus

	2023	2024	2025
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – Non-Campus

	2023	2024	2025
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – Public Property

	2023	2024	2025
Domestic Violence	4	1	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Additionally, local resources exist to assist and support victims of sexual assault. These include:

- Crisis Clinic, 9725 3rd Ave NE, #300, Seattle, WA 98115. (206) 461-3222
- 24 Hour Crisis Line: (206) 427-4747
- King County Sexual Assault Resource Center (KCSARC): (425) 226-5062
(Trained advocates will answer your phone call, provide crisis intervention, information and referrals, and on-going support 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.)
- Seattle Police Department Victim Advocate: Lisa Immerwahr: (206) 684-7701

Hazing: Policy, Prevention, and Reporting

At Antioch University, we are committed to fostering inclusive, respectful, and empowering communities where every individual can learn, grow, and feel a sense of belonging. Hazing has no place in our learning environment and is incompatible with our core values.

Reporting Hazing

If you have experienced, witnessed, or become aware of hazing, we encourage you to report your concern. You may choose to submit a report anonymously. Our team will respond with care, discretion, and a commitment to ensuring the safety and dignity of all involved. Click [here](#) to report a hazing incident.

Alternatively, you may choose to use the Antioch University Compliance Hotline, which allows you to report a concern confidentially or with attribution, 24/7. An independent third party operates the hotline and offers both phone and web-based reporting options:

- **Phone:** 866-606-4026
- **Online:** <https://antiochuniversity.alertline.com>

The phone line is staffed by trained intake specialists. Whether submitted by phone or online, your report will initiate an independent review. If you provide your identity, you will be informed of the results of the investigation.

If you have questions or would like to speak with someone about hazing, please contact:

Sarah Hellyar, JD
University Title IX Coordinator
shellyar@antioch.edu

How We Promote Prevention and Accountability

We believe that building safe and equitable communities requires ongoing education and shared responsibility. All students, faculty, and staff are required to complete annual anti-hazing training through Vector Solutions. Completion of this training is required for students participating in any university-recognized group or organization.

Definition and Policy

As defined in [Student Conduct Policy 6.103](#), hazing is:

“Any act committed as part of a person's recruitment, initiation, pledging, admission into, or affiliation with a student group, or any act that is otherwise used to maintain membership in a student group, that causes, or could reasonably be expected to cause, physical, emotional, or psychological harm, or degrades or demeans an individual, regardless of the person's willingness to participate.”

For Clery statistical reporting, hazing means any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed against a person, regardless of that person's willingness to participate, during initiation, affiliation, or maintenance of membership in a student organization that causes or creates a risk of physical or psychological injury above the reasonable risks encountered in the course of participation in the institution or organization. A student organization is an organization with two or more enrolled students, whether or not established or recognized by the institution.

Hazing causes harm, erodes trust, and creates unsafe environments. It is prohibited at Antioch University and may result in serious consequences for individuals and student organizations, including suspension, expulsion, or loss of recognition as a student organization.

Transparency and Institutional Reporting

For Clery Act purposes, the University collects reports of hazing involving student organizations. When a recognized student organization is found responsible for hazing, the University will include the required information in its Campus Hazing Transparency Report, including the organization description, findings, organizational sanctions, relevant dates, and anonymized student information. The report will be updated at least twice each year and retained for five calendar years, subject to the applicable federal effective-date requirements.

DRUG FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES' POLICY

Antioch University is committed to the development and maintenance of an educational and workplace environment in compliance with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989 and the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, and does not permit the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees on its property or at any of its activities. Please see the Drug Free Schools and Communities Policy at (http://aura.antioch.edu/policies_400_5x/1/). Possession, sale, manufacture or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both state and federal laws. State and federal legal penalties for illegal use of alcohol and drugs are delineated in the attachments to the Drug Free Schools and Communities Policy. A violation of any law regarding drugs and/or alcohol is also a violation of the Student Conduct Policy 6.100 (http://aura.antioch.edu/policies_600_1x/2/) and will be treated as a separate disciplinary matter by the University.

It is unlawful to sell, furnish or provide alcohol to a person under the age of 21. The possession of alcohol by anyone under the age of 21 in a public place or a place open to the public is illegal. It is also a violation of policy for anyone to consume or possess alcohol in any public or private area of campus without prior University approval. Such laws are strictly enforced by Antioch and by the Seattle Police Department. Violators may be subject to criminal prosecution, fines and imprisonment. In addition, individuals, organizations or groups violating state or federal law or Antioch policy will be subject to sanctions by the University, up to and including withdrawal from the University or termination of employment.

DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE POLICY AND EDUCATION PROGRAMS

Antioch University provides resources for employees with substance abuse issues. Insurance policies available to employees of Antioch University include coverage for drug and alcohol abuse. All benefit-eligible employees, including those who do not participate in university insurance plans, are eligible for support for substance abuse through the institution's Employee Assistance Program (EAP). Please contact the AUS Human Resources department at (206) 268-4022, for more information on the University's insurance policies and for details regarding the EAP.

CAMPUS CRIME DEFINITIONS

Clery Act Geography Definitions

The following definitions apply to the geographical locations of incidents disclosed in the crime statistics tables contained in this report:

On-Campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes; and any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the property described above in this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

Public Property: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Noncampus: Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Clery Act/VAWA Crime Definitions

The following definitions apply to the incidents of crime disclosed in the crime statistics tables contained in this report:

Clery Act Felony Definitions

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter by negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Simple assaults are excluded.

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Sexual Assault: Any sexual act directed against another person without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Clery Act Sex Offense Definitions

The following sex offenses fall with the definition of “sexual assault” under the Clery Act.

Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.

Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Arrest and Referrals for Discipline for Violations of Liquor, Drug, and Weapons Laws¹

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of state and local municipal laws and ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

¹ Under Clery, an arrest is defined as the processing of a person by arrest, citation, or summons. A referral for disciplinary action is defined as the referral of any person to an institution official who institutes a disciplinary action of which a record is kept and which may result in the imposition of a sanction. Disciplinary action occurs where an official receiving the information initiates a disciplinary action, a record of the action is kept, and the action may, but not need have to, result in a sanction. Disciplinary actions may be initiated in both informal and formal manners and can include an interview or a simple, initial review of names submitted to an institutional official. An incident involving both an arrest and a referral for discipline is counted only as an arrest.

Weapons Law Violations: The violation of federal, state and local laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Law Violations: Violations of federal, state, and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine), marijuana, synthetic narcotics (demerol, methadone), and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine).

Hate Crimes

Under the Clery Act, a hate crime is a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim.

Although there are many possible categories of bias, under the Clery Act, only the following eight categories are reported:

- Race
- Religion
- Sexual Orientation
- Gender
- Gender Identity
- Ethnicity
- National Origin
- Disability

For Clery Act purposes, Hate Crimes include any of the following offenses that are motivated by bias.

- Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter
- Sexual Assault
- Robbery
- Aggravated Assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Arson
- Larceny-Theft
- Simple Assault
- Intimidation
- Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act (VAWA) Crimes

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 requires institutions to disclose statistics for dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking in their annual security report.

The following federal definitions apply to Clery reporting. Washington law definitions are provided in Appendix A.

Federal Definitions

Domestic Violence: Domestic Violence: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by (A) a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; (B) a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; (C) a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; (D) a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime occurred; or (E) any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime occurred.

Dating Violence: Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship is determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length and type of the relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Stalking: Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others, or to suffer substantial emotional distress. For this definition, “course of conduct” means two or more acts, including acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person’s property; “reasonable person” means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim; and “substantial emotional distress” means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

Criminal Offenses - On Campus	2023	2024	2025
Murder/non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0

Arson	0	0	0
Criminal Offenses - Non Campus	2023	2024	2025
Murder/non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Criminal Offenses – Public Property	2023	2024	2025
Murder/non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Robbery	1	1	1
Aggravated assault	4	0	0
Burglary	0	0	8
Motor vehicle theft	9	2	1
Arson	0	0	0

Hate Crime Offenses - On Campus	2023	2024	2025
Murder/non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0

Larceny-theft	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0

Hate Crime Offenses - Non Campus	2023	2024	2025
Murder/non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0

Hate Crime Offenses – Public Property	2023	2024	2025
Murder/non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor vehicle theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	2
Larceny-theft	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	0

Arrests - On Campus	2023	2024	2025
Illegal weapons possession	0	0	0
Drug law violations	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0

Arrests - Non-Campus	2023	2024	202
Illegal weapons possession	0	0	0
Drug law violations	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0
Arrests - Public Property	2023	2024	2025
Illegal weapons possession	1	0	0
Drug law violations	1	0	2
Liquor law violations	0	0	0
Disciplinary Actions - Campus	2023	2024	2025
Illegal weapons possession	0	0	0
Drug law violations	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0
Disciplinary Actions - Non-Campus	2023	2024	2025
Illegal weapons possession	0	0	0
Drug law violations	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0
Disciplinary Actions - Public Property	2023	2024	2025
Illegal weapons possession	2	0	0
Drug law violations	0	0	0
Liquor law violations	0	0	0

PUBLIC PROPERTY CRIME STATISTICS

Crime statistics on public property bordering the university were provided by the local police department and included in this report. Precinct and beat statistics can be found at the Seattle Police Department Website: <https://www.seattle.gov/police/information-and-data> Antioch University Seattle's street address is 2400 3rd Ave, Ste 200, Seattle, Washington. 98121.

AUS EMERGENCY CONTACT LIST

Police/Fire/Paramedics	911 (9-911 from campus phone)
AUS Front Desk	206-268-4000 (x4000 from campus phone)
Facilities Department	206-268-4035 (x4035 from campus phone)
	206-268-4036 (x4036 from campus phone)
Campus Safety Officers (Director of Campus Services)	206-268-4518 (x4518 from campus phone)
	206-268-4035 (x4035 from campus phone)

Office of the Provost

206-268-4710 (x4710 from campus phone)

206-268-4055 (x4055 from campus phone)

Washington Security Services

206-399-3977

APPENDIX A – Sexual Harassment and Sexual Violence Resources and Definitions

Applicable to: AU Seattle

Title IX Team Contacts:

Title	Name	Telephone Number	Mailing Address	E-mail Address
Antioch University Title IX Coordinator	Sarah Hellyar, JD	603-283-2486	Antioch University 900 Dayton Street Yellow Springs, OH 45387	shellyar@antioch.edu
Deputy Title IX Coordinator	Sue Byers	206-268-4932	Antioch University Seattle 206 3 rd Ave, Suite 200 Seattle, WA 98121	sbyers@antioch.edu

Resources

University Resources
Antioch University's Sexual Misconduct/Title IX web page: https://www.antioch.edu/about/title-ix/
Campus Resources
*Confidential Resources
AUS Community Counseling and Psychology Clinic, (206) 268-4840, clinic.aus@antioch.edu 2505 3rd Avenue, Suite 200 Seattle, WA 98121
*Non-Confidential Resources
Maria-Judith Rodriguez Herrera, Vice Chancellor for Human Resources, mjrodriguez@antioch.edu Mailing address: Antioch University, 900 Dayton Street, Yellow Springs, OH 45387
Non-Campus Resources
*Emergency Resources
City of Seattle Police Department, 911 (emergency), (206) 625-5011 (non-emergency)
*Medical Resources
- Virginia Mason Hospital, 1010 Spring St, Seattle, WA 98101, (206) 583-6433 - Harborview Medical Center Emergency, 325 9th Ave. Seattle, WA 98104, (206) 744-3000
*Other Support

- [King County Domestic Violence Prevention](#), (206) 296-0100.
- King County Sexual Assault Resource Center (KSARC): (425) 226-5062
- Seattle Police Department Victim Advocate: Lisa Immerwahr, (206) 684-7701
- Crisis Clinic, 9725 3rd Ave NE, #300, Seattle, WA 98115, (206) 461-3222
- 24 Hour Crisis Line: (206) 427-4747
- [Seattle University Counseling and Psychological Services \(CAPS\)](#), (206) 296-6090
- National Domestic Violence Hotline, (800) 799-7233
<https://www.thehotline.org/>
- National Sexual Assault Hotline, (800) 656-4673
<https://www.rainn.org/>

Legal Definitions:

“Consent”

Consent” means that, at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact, there are actual words or conduct indicating freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact. RCW 9A.44.010(2).

“Sexual Assault”

Washington criminal law addresses sexual assault through offenses in chapter 9A.44 RCW, including rape in the first, second, and third degree. Washington does not use a single, comprehensive criminal offense titled “sexual assault.” The applicable offense depends on the facts; see RCW 9A.44.040-.060 and the remainder of chapter 9A.44 RCW.

“Domestic Violence”

For Washington protection-order law, “domestic violence” means physical harm, bodily injury, assault, the infliction of fear of physical harm, sexual assault, or stalking of one intimate partner or family or household member by another intimate partner or family or household member. RCW 7.105.010. “Intimate partner” and “family or household member” are separately defined in that statute.

“Dating Violence”

Washington law does not use one standalone criminal offense titled “dating violence.” Conduct in a dating relationship may be covered by other criminal laws or by the domestic-violence protection-order framework in RCW 7.105.010, depending on the facts and relationship. The federal Clery definition above governs Clery reporting.

“Stalking”

Under RCW 9A.46.110, a person commits stalking, without lawful authority, by intentionally and repeatedly harassing or following another person; by intentionally contacting, following, tracking, or

monitoring a person after actual notice that contact is unwanted; or by knowingly installing or monitoring an electronic tracking device without consent, when the conduct causes substantial emotional distress or reasonable fear of injury. The statutory definition includes electronic conduct and tracking devices.